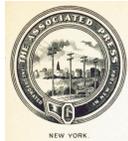


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# Connecting

April 10, 2014



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## Afghan probe begins in attack on AP journalists

By **KIM GAMEL** and **AMIR SHAH**  
Associated Press

KABUL, Afghanistan (AP) -- Afghan central government authorities on Wednesday began questioning the police commander who killed an Associated Press photographer and wounded an AP reporter, a day after he was transferred by helicopter to the capital - a rare case in which an Afghan officer or soldier who shot a foreigner was captured alive.

Local security officials who spoke with the suspect after he was first detained said he seemed a calm, pious man who may have come under the influence of Islamic extremists calling for vengeance against foreigners over drone strikes. Witness and official accounts so far have suggested the shooting was not planned.

But the Afghan Interior Ministry, which is overseeing the investigation, told the AP it



won't speculate about a motive so early in its probe into the attack, which killed AP photographer **Anja Niedringhaus** and seriously wounded senior correspondent **Kathy Gannon**.

The suspect, identified as a unit commander named Naqibullah, surrendered immediately after the attack Friday in front of dozens of security forces and election workers on a heavily guarded government compound in eastern Afghanistan. The shooting was the first known case of a security insider attacking journalists in Afghanistan, part of a surge in violence targeting foreigners.

Niedringhaus and Gannon were traveling in their own car with an AP freelancer and a translator in a convoy of workers transporting election materials from Khost, the capital of the province of the same name on the border with Pakistan, to the outlying district of Tani.

The convoy went first to the district government's headquarters. The two foreign correspondents spoke to and photographed Afghan policemen and soldiers in the area, witnesses said, but it started to rain and they were worried about their equipment so they got back into the backseat of their car to wait for the convoy to move to deliver ballots to a nearby village.

The shooter, who was wearing his police uniform, approached the car and stuck the barrel of the AK-47 in the backseat window, shouted "God is great!" and started firing, according to the witnesses and officials.

"The good thing is that he is alive in this case because usually in these kinds of incidents the shooter either is killed or he escapes from the scene," Interior Ministry spokesman Sediq Seddiqi said Wednesday in an interview, referring to attacks by Afghan police or soldiers on foreigners. "But this time our police acted professionally and he was immediately arrested."

Gul Zahir, the Tani district police chief, said he was one of the first people to see Naqibullah, who was tackled by security forces after the shooting.

"I took custody of him. I asked him, 'Why did you do this thing?'" he said in a telephone interview with AP. "Naqibullah said, 'I don't know.'"

However, the suspect gave different explanations to provincial officials who questioned him in the days he was in custody in Khost.

Gul Mohammad, the counterterrorism director in Khost who participated in the initial questioning, said Naqibullah at first claimed the attack was in revenge for a Jan. 15 airstrike in the Ghorband district of Parwan province, a bombing which prompted a wave of anger against foreigners.

The Afghans claimed 12 civilians and four Taliban fighters were killed in the airstrike. The U.S.-led coalition said the Afghan government had requested the operation ahead of the

country's April 5 presidential elections because the area had fallen under Taliban control.

But the Interior Ministry said Naqibullah was from an area in Parwan that was not connected in any way with the airstrike.

"There was no record of any drone strike in the whole area where he lived, where his family is living," Seddiqi said. "The initial statement does not really indicate anything so far. We do not have still any clarity on the motives."

The Khost counterterrorism director said Naqibullah also claimed he was inspired by a lawmaker and a cleric who encouraged holy war against Americans and other foreigners. "He said, 'Thank God I didn't kill any Muslims.'"

Seddiqi, the Interior Ministry spokesman, said he had seen reports from local authorities describing Naqibullah as a calm and devout Muslim who had been stationed in Khost for a year and a half, had no criminal background and was not known to use drugs.

"His (previous) behavior was quite normal," Seddiqi said.

Zahir, the district police chief, agreed, though he noted that Naqibullah prayed five times a day as is Muslim tradition and constantly read the Quran, Islam's holy book.

He said Naqibullah had asked for his own room on the base so he could have privacy to read but that there was not enough space so he had to share with a roommate. He said the suspect, who is in his late 20s, was married three months ago and had no children.

"I knew this guy," Zahir said. "He didn't cause headaches, wasn't smoking hashish. ... He was a very religious person."

Naqibullah was armed with only a pistol on Friday but demanded a subordinate give him an AK-47 automatic rifle, which he used to open fire on the journalists, according to regional officials.

Past insider killings have raised concern about the infiltration of the Taliban and allied militants in the government security forces, although other motives have ranged from personal disputes to traumatic stress.

Still, the shootings of Niedringhaus, a German photographer who had covered conflict zones from the Balkans in the 1990s to Iraq, Libya and Afghanistan, and Gannon, a Canadian who has reported from Afghanistan since the 1980s, were the latest in a spike of attacks targeting foreigners.

Niedringhaus, 48, died instantly of her wounds. A funeral service will be held on Saturday at Corvey Abbey, a Benedictine monastery near her birthplace in Hoxter, Germany.

Gannon, 60, was severely wounded in both wrists and the right shoulder. She was treated at a hospital in Khost before being evacuated to a French-run NATO military

medical facility in Kabul and eventually transferred to a hospital in Germany, where she is in stable condition.

"We are heartened by her progress," said Paul Colford, director of media relations for AP. "She has been alert and aware and has been talking to relatives and close friends since Monday afternoon."

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## **From SPIEGEL Online International:**

### **Cheerful and Unflappable: Remembering the Photographer Anja Niedringhaus**

German photojournalist Anja Niedringhaus spent her life documenting wars, but she never allowed the difficult job to get the better of her. One of SPIEGEL's own war correspondents, Christoph Reuter, commemorates the work of a longtime colleague killed in Afghanistan on Friday. His story begins:

Most often, we found ourselves waiting somewhere together -- between barbed wire and sandbags for a general or the next patrol. Once, after a bombing attack shortly before sunrise in Wazir Akbar Khan, Kabul's diplomatic quarter, she snapped a picture for the Associated Press showing smoke rising out of the rubble. Our own photographer offered to give her a ride back in a car, but she declined. "It's such a beautiful morning," she said. "I'm going to walk." The air was clear and the weather was perfect for taking pictures along the roadside.

Anja Niedringhaus, 48, was a masterful war photographer, unshaken in a world that is inhabited almost exclusively by men. She won prizes for her work and also had a strategic instinct for being in the right place at the right time.

There was also another facet to her -- one that you don't find very often in the world's crisis zones. It is easy to go to a war zone, she once said, but it's far more difficult to escape it unscathed. Many war reporters and photographers become bitter, some become forlorn and others just turn cynical. But not Niedringhaus -- not even after 20 years of reporting in Bosnia, Kosovo, Iraq, Libya, Afghanistan and Pakistan. She had served as a photojournalist for AP since 2002.

Anja always had a healthy inner balance and didn't allow herself to be hardened by the things she saw, not to mention experienced. She liked to call her camera her "little protector." What she meant is that the horrible things she witnessed were always seen through the lens, which somehow kept them abstract. Perhaps even more important was

the way in which she viewed things. "War photographers. How I hate being called that!" she would say.

Click [here](#) to read the rest of the story.

## AP Wall of Honor

**Anja Niedringhaus** was the 32<sup>nd</sup> AP journalist to die in the line of duty while on assignment for the news cooperative. Photos and biographies on each of the 31 who preceded her are listed on The Wall of Honor on the News floor of AP headquarters in New York City.

The first was **Mark Kellogg**, who was working as a stringer for the AP when he was killed covering Gen. George Custer at the battle of Little Bighorn on June 25, 1876. He was 43 and the first Associated Press correspondent to die in battle.

See below for the profiles of each of the 31.

(Limitations of the newsletter delivery service prevent the individual photos from being displayed. If you would like a pdf of the Wall with the individual's photos included, email me at [stevenspl@live.com](mailto:stevenspl@live.com) and I will send.)



## Connecting Mailbox

[Beth Grace](#) - executive director of the North Carolina Press Association and former AP

bureau chief in Albany and Kansas City, shares:

Love your newspaper? Then sign into Instagram between April 14 and May 14, and join the North Carolina Press Association, its members and a few celebrity pals, as we write a social media love letter to newspapers. Our project, Newspaperbaton, is modeled after projects in cities around the nation in which people sign up for a day, post several photos with a caption about a specific topic, then pass the "baton" on to the next person who signed up for the next day. For example, New York City did an NYCbaton, and the Raleigh-Durham area does a daily RDUbaton, showing great restaurants, buildings, tourist spots and just nice pics around the RDU area.

We loved that idea and wondered why we couldn't use the same forum to give some love to newspapers? We also got the bright idea to bring in some famous faces -- so far, we have signed up the Avett Brothers band (NC native sons) and some others -- names to be released as we go along. It's amazing how newspapers bring out the best in all of us, big names or small. We'll keep you posted. They are all doing it for free -- for the love of newspapers and the printed word.

Why April 14-May 14? We set it as a 30-day run-up to the NCPA's anniversary. We're 141 years old this year. (Yes, we KNOW we don't look a day over 140!) Follow us and join the fun; "like" our posts, comment on them and share the shots on your own social network pages.

Here's how to follow us: Our Instagram handle is @NewspaperBaton, accessed on a computer at <http://instagram.com/newspaperbaton>. Want to see what an example day will look like? <http://ncpress.com/newspaper-baton>. We'll post weekly updates with scheduled posters for the week every Sunday afternoon on our facebook page: <https://www.facebook.com/NewspaperBaton>.

Now for the big question: Want to be part of this? We will gladly keep going as long as we have interest! Email me at [beth@ncpress.com](mailto:beth@ncpress.com).

(PS -- And yes, on weekends when nobody is signed up, Dudley, famed official greeter of Connecting and the official dog of, well, me ... will be our guest shooter.)

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## **Early bird registration extended for APME/ASNE conference**

Deadline for the early bird registration for the ASNE-APME conference Sept. 15-17 in Chicago has been extended to Friday, April 18. The early bird registration fee of \$199 is available to members of APME and ASNE for the conference at the Hyatt Regency in downtown Chicago. This will be the first joint conference of the nation's top editors. The Associated Press Photo Managers will also be part of the conference. Click [here](#) for further information.

## Stories of interest

[Pennsylvania editor switches from parent to reporter after school stabbing](#) (Mark Mittelstadt)

Matt Provenzo, city editor for the Valley News Dispatch, may have been among the first journalists on the scene Wednesday morning, after a student stabbed 20 other students at Franklin Regional High School in Murrysville, Penn. "He had to be," said Jeff Domenick, editor of the Valley News Dispatch in a phone interview with Poynter. "He's just being a parent, dropping his kid off and he sees what's going on."

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[Miami Herald editor blasts unprecedented 'culture of censorship' at Guantanamo Bay](#)

Last month, four Miami Herald journalists who visited the Guantanamo Bay detention center were told they couldn't publish the names of staff members and had to photograph troops from the neck down.

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[Feds scrutinize Salt Lake newspapers deal](#) (Bill Beecham)

The U.S. Department of Justice is scrutinizing a deal between owners of Salt Lake City's two daily newspapers, at least in part for its apparent similarity to a past attempt by the Mormon church-owned Deseret News to buy The Salt Lake Tribune. Two sources confirmed the DOJ's inquiry, which comes as Utah's largest newspaper faces another round of budget cuts mandated by its corporate parent, New York-based Digital First Media.

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[Lamenting the fate of newspapers: Opinion](#) (Charlie Monzella)

First jobs - like first loves - are the ones most often and fondly remembered. Showing up in an office or a factory floor or behind a sales counter - nervous, a little scared - is recalled years later with affection and more than a little sentimentality.

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[Rolling Stone's Julia Louis-Dreyfus cover features flawed US Constitution](#)

Rolling Stone's Constitution cover is in need of an amendment. The cover of the storied rock magazine's latest issue features a naked Julia Louis-Dreyfus with a faulty U.S. Constitution inked on her back

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### [A New Code: SPJ Struggles to Define Rules of Online Journalism](#)

The Society of Professional Journalists, after leaving its code of ethics untouched for nearly 18 years, has released a revised draft that includes, for the first time, updated guidance on how journalists should behave in the rapidly changing field of digital news.

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### [The Times' newest product: confidence](#)

You can tell how excited we are by this new product," Arthur Sulzberger Jr. was telling a few dozen guests who'd gathered for cocktails on the 15th floor of The New York Times Building early last Thursday evening. The Times publisher and chairman was talking about NYT Now, the paper of record's just-launched mobile app designed to lure new digital subscribers at a bargain price.

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### [English-language news site in Sweden is expanding across the continent](#)

In 2004, James Savage and Paul Rapacioli were two Brits who had fallen in love with Swedes, leaving them with a need to find work in Stockholm.

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### [How The New York Times made sense of the Sochi Olympics one frame at a time](#)

Big events - Super Bowls, the Oscars, the Olympics - are when media companies want to make sure their interactive features shine the brightest. The Olympics, in particular, are an interesting case because they last over the course of two weeks rather than one night, which means newsrooms need a continuous coverage plan in place for interactive

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### [Guild can intervene in fight for Philly newspapers](#)

WILMINGTON, Del. (AP) -- A Delaware judge says the union representing hundreds of workers for Philadelphia's two largest newspapers can participate in the dissolution of their ownership group. The judge this week granted a request by the Newspaper Guild of Greater Philadelphia to intervene in proceedings that will determine the fate of

Interstate General Media.

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Will readers understand this headline? (Bob Daugherty)

Romenesko: My tipster reports: "Times (Shreveport, La.) sports editor Roy Lang came up with this [headline] and didn't budge despite discussion about whether readers would understand the 'greater than' symbol." I'm told that the paper didn't get any calls from puzzled readers on Tuesday ("What's that arrow mean?? I don't get it!!")

## ***Associated Press Wall of Honor***

### **Mark Kellogg (1833-1876)**

Mark Kellogg was working as a stringer for the AP when he was killed covering Gen. George Custer at the battle of Little Bighorn on June 25, 1876. He was 43 and the first Associated Press correspondent to die in battle. Kellogg worked in a Bismarck, N.D., law office and occasionally wrote stories for the Bismarck Tribune under the pseudonym "Frontier." Custer had ignored warnings not to take journalists on the journey from Fort Lincoln to the Little Bighorn and invited the Tribune's publisher, Clement Lounsberry, to accompany the troops. When Lounsberry fell ill at the last moment, Kellogg took his place. His dispatches appeared in the Tribune and the New York Herald, and were carried by the AP. His last dispatch: "I go with Custer and will be at the death."

### **Ambrose William Lyman (1848-1898)**

Ambrose William Lyman had more than two decades of experience as a journalist when he went to Cuba to cover the Spanish-American war for AP. The Warren, Ohio, native had studied at the state's Miami University and reported for The Cleveland Leader before coming to New York in 1879. He worked briefly for the New York Tribune and, in 1885, The New York Sun sent him to Washington to cover President Grover Cleveland. Before Cleveland's term was over, Lyman headed west to manage The Helena (Mont.) Independent. He stayed there for eight years, returning in 1897 to New York, where he joined AP. While in Cuba for AP, Lyman contracted yellow fever. Despite his illness, he remained on duty until the surrender of Santiago. He returned to Brooklyn, N.Y., where he died on Oct. 3, 1898, at the age of 50.

### **Henry J. Middleton (c. 1876-1904)**

Henry J. Middleton was just a teenager when he joined AP in London in 1892, but his talents were quickly recognized. As AP correspondent and bureau chief in France, his reporting of the Dreyfus Affair was described as "brilliant" by The New York Times, which noted that, "Though unassisted, he often forwarded four or five columns a day dealing with that great case." In 1902, Middleton went to New York as night cable editor, followed by a transfer to San Francisco to set up the cable department there. In 1904, he sailed to Japan and then on to Seoul, Korea. He then traveled to Manchuria to cover the Russo-Japanese War. The 28-year-old contracted dysentery and died June 26, 1904, in Liaoyang, Manchuria. He was buried with Russian military honors at Chefoo.

### **Edward J. Neil Jr. (1900-1938)**

AP sports writer Edward J. Neil Jr. had already earned a Pulitzer Prize honorable mention for a story about the "world's most dangerous mile and a half" bobsled ride at Lake Placid, N.Y., when he requested an overseas assignment. Neil, the son of an AP telegraph operator in Boston, went on to cover Italy's conquest of Ethiopia, Arab uprisings in Palestine and the coronation of King George VI of England. On Jan. 2, 1938, the 37-year-old was reporting from the Teruel front during one of the Spanish Civil War's greatest battles when a shell exploded a few feet away from the parked car in which he was seated. He died of his injuries two days later in Zaragoza, Spain. "It was said of Edward Joseph Neil Jr. that he always wanted to be 'where the action was thickest,'" The New York Times reported. The newspaper also quoted Neil writing to a friend that, "One nice thing these wars do teach you - when your number comes up you grin, shrug and make the best of it. No one has time to listen to a bleat."

### **Daniel Witt Hancock (1907-1942)**

Newsman Witt Hancock was killed March 7, 1942, when Japanese bombers sank the Dutch refugee ship he was aboard in the Indian Ocean south of Java. He was 34 and the first AP reporter to die during World War II. War correspondents in the Dutch East Indies had a difficult time getting stories through to the outside world, but Hancock managed one last time on March 2 to get a telephone call - monitored by censors - through from Java to AP in New York. Hancock told Cable Editor James Long that the Army planned to evacuate foreign newsmen soon but he hadn't decided when he would leave. His last words on the call: "Good luck, and keep your fingers crossed." He was missing for months after that, and an account of his death was finally given by another correspondent who escaped the sinking ship. Hancock joined the AP in Raleigh, N.C., in 1929, and worked in Charlotte and New York, London, Moscow, Turkey, and India before arriving in Indonesia as the Japanese forces approached.

### **Edward H. (Harry) Crockett (1911-1943)**

Newsman Harry Crockett was killed on Feb. 5, 1943, aboard a British ship that was torpedoed by enemy warships in the Mediterranean Sea. He was 31. Crockett began covering World War II a year earlier, reporting from the battlefield in Egypt and German Field Marshal Erwin Rommel's last offensive at Bir Hacheim in the desert. "He rode tanks.

... He stood with gunners to watch artillery pound the enemy and he watched infantry from points of vantage where only a man with real courage would want to stand," wrote Ed Kennedy, an AP correspondent who had worked with Crockett in the Middle East. A native of Lowell, Mass., Crockett joined the AP in Boston in 1937. On Jan. 25, 1944, Crockett's widow, Sally, christened a 10,500-ton Liberty ship the "Edward H. Crockett." with a smashing of the traditional champagne bottle at a launching from a shipyard in South Portland, Maine.

### **George Bede Irvin (1910-1944)**

Photographer Bede Irvin was killed July 25, 1944, after photographing an aerial bombardment north of St. Lo, France, at the start of the Allied drive out of Normandy. He was 33. An Allied bomb which fell short of its mark caught Irvin as he dived for a roadside ditch from the jeep he had been sitting in. He had apparently hesitated for a second to grab his camera and was hit by a bomb fragment. Irvin, a native of Des Moines, Iowa, worked for the Des Moines Register and Tribune before joining the AP in Kansas City in 1936. He worked in Detroit before going to London in 1943 on the eve of the Normandy invasion, the first American photographer assigned by the AP to cover the war in Europe in preparation for D-Day. He was buried with military honors at a U.S. Military Cemetery near La Cambe, France, on July 27, 1944, his 34th birthday.

### **Asahel "Ace" Bush (1910-1944)**

Newsman Asahel Bush was killed on Oct. 25, 1944 when a Japanese bomb struck the American-occupied capital of Tacloban, on the Philippine island of Leyte. He was 31 and the first correspondent to die in the Philippines during World War II. Bush died a year to the day after he left San Francisco to report on action in the Pacific theater. He covered nearly every operation launched by Gen. Douglas MacArthur and had come close to death on many of his assignments. Bush, who joined the AP in 1939 in Salt Lake City, was born into a newspaper family in Salem, Ore. - his great-grandfather established the state's first newspaper, The Oregon City Statesman.

### **Joseph Morton (1911-1945)**

In the fall of 1944, war correspondent Joseph Morton accompanied a group of American intelligence officers on a secret mission from Italy into Slovakia to assist an anti-Nazi uprising. The 34-year-old, who had made headlines with exclusive interviews of Yugoslavia's Josip Broz Tito and Romania's King Michael, told his bureau chief only that the assignment would be the "biggest story of my life." By late October, the Nazis had closed in. Morton and the U.S. officers hid in the mountains for two months, before taking refuge from the snow and bitter cold in a mountain hut, where they were captured hours after Christmas. They were tortured and, on Jan. 24, 1945, shot to death at the Mauthausen concentration camp in Austria. Morton, the only foreign correspondent executed by the Nazis, was from St. Joseph, Mo., and had joined AP in 1937. His widow, Letty Miller Morton, wrote that Morton always "championed the underprivileged - the little man who was not getting his due in the world" and that she took comfort that he died "doing the work he loved." The mountain hut was later rebuilt

and, in 1994, AP dedicated a plaque at the site in Morton's memory.

### **William R. Moore (1910-1950)**

Newsman Bill Moore was killed by mortar fire July 31, 1950, after dropping his pencil and notebook to help an Army lieutenant wounded in a North Korean attack near Chinju. He was 40. Moore had been missing for several months when the AP received word of his death in October 1950 from a corporal captured in the same action. He said he had met Moore earlier that day. "I thought he was an officer and said Sir, would you like a cup of coffee?," the corporal said. "He replied, 'You don't have to 'Sir' me, fellow. I'm a correspondent. I'm Bill Moore of the AP.' ... Nice fellow. Real friendly and a real story teller." Moore, a native of Nowata, Okla., joined the AP in Denver in 1937, and served in the Army in Korea during World War II before returning to the AP in New York in 1946. He went to Korea in 1948 as a correspondent and was there at the outbreak of war on June 29, 1950.

### **Daniel J. Coughlin Jr. (1927-1958)**

Newsman Daniel Coughlin was one of six reporters killed when a U.S. Air Force plane attempting to break transatlantic speed records crashed on takeoff from Westover Air Force Base, Mass. He was 31. The jet, one of four attempting to break speed records between New York and London, snapped power lines and burst into flames, sliding across the newly-finished Massachusetts Turnpike before exploding in a cornfield on June 27, 1958. Coughlin, who served in the Army in Europe during World War II, joined the AP in Charlotte in 1952 and transferred to his native Boston in 1957.

### **Bernard Kolenberg (1927-1965)**

Bernard Kolenberg, a photographer for the *Times-Union* of Albany, N.Y., who volunteered for AP service in Vietnam, was killed Oct. 2, 1965, when the jet bomber he was in collided with another bomber over central Vietnam. He was 38 and the first journalist to be killed in combat in Vietnam. Kolenberg had covered the war in Vietnam for five weeks in 1964, producing a series of photographs for the *Times-Union*, where he had worked for 20 years. "He was Bernie to everyone," the *Times-Union* said in a tribute published the day Kolenberg was killed, "including the last three New York governors." Kolenberg was noted for his courage taking difficult photos and his tenderness photographing children.

### **Huynh Thanh My (1937-1965)**

An encounter in a muddy rice field with Horst Faas during the Vietnam War led Huynh Thanh My to join AP in 1963. My was working as a freelancer for CBS covering a battle in the Mekong Delta when Faas, AP Saigon's photo chief, offered him a job. My already was an established cameraman and actor in South Vietnam, and under Faas' training became one of AP's most capable photographers, renowned for his fearlessness. On Oct. 10, 1965, the 28-year-old was covering another Delta battle when he was wounded in the chest and arm. He was killed by the enemy while awaiting evacuation. After My's death,

Faas hired his teenage brother, Huynh Cong "Nick" Ut, who went on to win the Pulitzer Prize in 1973 for his picture of young Kim Phuc, screaming as she fled a napalm attack. "Everything I have accomplished, I owe to him. My brother taught me the value of skills, honor and determination," Nick Ut said. "He taught me to control fear of gunfire and death which is so necessary for both soldiers and photographers. I miss him very much, and I hope I would have made him proud."

### **Klaus Frings (1935-1968)**

Photographer Klaus Frings died April 17, 1968, two days after being struck in the head by a rock while taking pictures of a clash between police and some 2,000 demonstrators outside the Munich printing plant of the Bild-Zeitung. He was 32. Frings kept shooting when the demonstration reached a heated stage, despite threats from the students, who said the pictures might be used against them. Holding his camera high overhead, Frings took what turned out to be his last picture. Within seconds, a fist-size rock fatally struck him in the head. Frings, a native of Muenster, Germany, had worked for the AP for four years, the last two as a staffer based in Munich.

### **Oliver Noonan Jr. (1939-1969)**

Oliver Noonan was aboard an Army helicopter shot down southwest of Danang, Vietnam, on Aug. 19, 1969, killing him, an infantry battalion commander and six other soldiers. He was 29. That day, he'd carried a large metal camera case, joking to a reporter-colleague, "If they shot at the helicopter, I'll hide behind it." Noonan, the son of a Boston news photographer, had taken leave from the Boston Globe to cover the war. Joining AP in Saigon, he spent most of his time covering the troops. "Every step is earned here," he wrote home. "Nothing is free." Noonan's byline also appeared on AP stories, including one on the departure of an Army combat unit that began America's withdrawal from Vietnam.

### **Henri Huet (1927-1971)**

Photographer Henri Huet was one of four combat photographers killed when their helicopter was shot down over Laos on Feb. 10, 1971. He was 43. Huet had waited for a week in the cold and rain near the Laos border for a chance to cross into the newest front of the war in Vietnam. On Feb. 10, he boarded one of two helicopters headed for some Vietnamese firebases deep in Laos. In the early afternoon, two helicopters were shot down - one carried the photographers. Huet was one of the most widely known and most popular figures in combat photography during the war. American GI's and officers often shouted to other AP staffers "Hey where's Henri? Tell him to come and see us." A French citizen who was born in Da Lat, Vietnam, and educated in France, Huet returned to Vietnam as a photographer with the French navy during the first Indochina conflict. He joined the AP in Saigon in 1965. Huet was wounded in the right leg by shrapnel in 1967 and was sent to the United States to recuperate before returning to Saigon. He transferred to Tokyo in 1969 and returned to Vietnam in 1970.

### **Dennis Lee Royle (1922-1971)**

In his nearly 30-year career with AP, photographer Dennis Lee Royle traveled the globe, covering the 1952 sinking of the American freighter Flying Enterprise, the Dalai Lama's escape from Tibet in 1959 and the attempted assassination of South African Prime Minister Henrik Verwoerd in 1960. He also photographed the Congo war in 1960 and 1961, the East African mutinies of 1964 and the troubles of emerging independence in Kenya, Cyprus and other countries. His photos of starving children in Biafra during the Nigerian Civil War were credited with prompting relief efforts. On May 20, 1971, he was covering naval exercises conducted by the North Atlantic Treaty Organization when the helicopter he was in crashed over the English Channel. He was 49. "It is a tragic irony that Dennis, who had been in so many dangerous spots for The Associated Press, such as the Hungarian revolution, wars in the Middle East and in India, lost his life in such an accident - but still in the pursuit of the news, as were his colleagues who died with him," said Wes Gallagher, AP's president and general manager.

### **Ali Ibrahim Mursal (1955-1993)**

Ali Ibrahim Mursal, a driver and translator, died Jan. 5, 1993, after defending another AP staffer from a thief in Somalia. He was 37. Mursal had driven three AP staffers to Mogadishu's main market to buy fruit. As they walked through the stalls, a thief tried to grab a gold chain from the neck of one of the AP staffers. Mursal was shot in the back with an assault weapon as he struggled with the thief. He managed to direct his colleagues to the nearest hospital, where he died. The AP hired Mursal in August 1992 when the Somali native showed up looking for work with two late-model Jeeps. AP Special Correspondent Mort Rosenblum said he considered Mursal to be a stringer who had excellent contacts and who gathered useful, accurate information for the AP. "He was a newsperson of the first order who risked his life again and again for journalistic purposes," he said.

### **Sharon Herbaugh (1954-1993)**

Sharon Herbaugh was killed April 16, 1993, in a helicopter crash in the central mountains of Afghanistan, 100 miles north of Kabul. She was 39 and the first AP newswoman and bureau chief to die on assignment. Herbaugh had spent three years covering the Afghan civil war and its aftermath. "One of Sharon's editors once said, She's always looking for the next hurricane," AP President and CEO Louis D. Boccardi said after her death. "That search ended in a field in Afghanistan but Sharon leaves a legacy of brave, insightful work that helped us all understand a distant, bitter conflict." Herbaugh, a native of Lamar, Colo., joined the AP in Denver in 1978, and worked in Dallas, Houston and New York before transferring to New Delhi in 1988, where she was named news editor the following year. She became chief of bureau in Islamabad in 1990.

### **Hansjoerg "Hansi" Krauss (1963-1993)**

Photographer Hansi Krauss was one of four journalists stoned to death in Mogadishu on July 12, 1993, by a mob enraged by a U.S. helicopter assault on Somali militia targets. He was 30. Krauss, a German native, joined the AP in Berlin in 1989 and covered the fall of the Berlin Wall that year. He later covered the fighting in Bosnia-Herzegovina before going to Somalia. Colleagues remembered Krauss a man who never lost his sense of humor and accumulated friends. "He was a workhorse, loved his job and had a passion for sensation," said Berlin photo editor Elke Bruhn-Hoffman.

### **Andrei Soloviev (1955-1993)**

Andrei Soloviev, a Russian free-lance photographer on assignment for the AP, was fatally shot Sept. 27, 1993, during a battle between Abkhazian and Georgian forces for control of Sukhumi in the breakaway region of Abkhazia. He was 39. The experienced combat photographer was wearing a bullet-proof vest but he was shot in the shoulder and the bullet penetrated his chest. Soloviev had been wounded twice before while covering the ethnic conflicts in the former Soviet Union, once in March 1993, and the second time a week before his death. Soloviev, who worked for the ITAR-Tass news agency, won a 1991 World Press Photo "Golden Eye" award for coverage of ethnic conflicts in the Caucasus Mountains, Moldova and Tajikistan. He also covered the 1989 revolution in Romania and the 1991 Persian Gulf War. "I save people from death by my presence with the camera," ITAR-Tass quoted Soloviev as once saying. "I try to prevent violence with my work."

### **Abdul Shariff (1962-1994)**

Photographer Abdul Shariff was shot to death Jan. 9, 1994, while covering a delegation of African National Congress leaders visiting Katilehong, South Africa. He was 31. Shariff, a free-lance photographer on assignment for the AP, was in a crowd of journalists surrounding the dignitaries on the muddy dirt road when young men carrying AK-47 automatic rifles began shooting from the narrow paths between houses. Shariff attempted to run across a small clearing - maybe for a better view. Witnesses said he was killed by a single shot in the back. The bullet apparently went through his body and dented the Nikon F4 camera hanging around his neck. Shariff was born in Verulam in the South African state of Natal. He became a news photographer after studying at the University of Natal-Pietermaritzburg.

### **Farkhad Kerimov (1948-1995)**

Television cameraman Farkhad Kerimov, was killed May 22, 1995 while covering the war in Chechnya. He was 46. Kerimov, a free-lance cameraman, was on assignment for APTV when he was shot while working near villages outside the Chechen capital Grozny. He had been covering the breakaway republic's war with Russia over its independence since December 1994. He had covered the Caucasus region's ethnic and civil conflicts since 1990, traveled repeatedly to the disputed enclave of Nagorno Karabakh and covered civil and ethnic wars in Georgia, Tajikistan and Moldova. Kerimov was born in Moscow but spent most of his life in the Azerbaijan capital of Baku, where he graduated from the Institute of Physics and Mathematics and worked in the scientific field before switching

to journalism in 1988.

### **Myles Tierney (1964-1999)**

Myles Tierney, a producer for APTN, was killed Jan. 10, 1999, when gunmen opened fire on his vehicle at a checkpoint in Sierra Leone, torn by civil unrest between rebels and the government. He was 34. Ian Stewart, AP's West Africa chief of bureau, suffered a gunshot wound to the head in the attack and AP photographer David Guttenfelder was injured by flying glass. Though he was a cameraman, Tierney's byline appeared on a range of stories from Africa. He joined AP's TV arm in 1996, organizing coverage of a military coup in Burundi. He set up the agency's first TV bureau in New York before returning to Africa in 1997. Nigel Baker, head of news for APTN, said he was reluctant to send Tierney back but eventually relented. "Not only was he the best man for the job," Baker said, "colleagues in Africa called me to say Myles was the only man for the job. They trusted him with their lives in difficult situations."

### **Miguel Gil Moreno De Mora (1967-2000)**

APTN producer and cameraman Miguel Gil Moreno de Mora, was killed May 24, 2000, when rebels ambushed his vehicle near Rogberi Junction in Sierra Leone. He was 32. A native of Barcelona, Spain, Gil Moreno de Mora abandoned a career as a corporate lawyer to work as a journalist. His family said Gil Moreno felt called to his mission of giving a voice to people who had none. He covered conflicts for APTN in Bosnia, Chechnya, Kosovo, Congo, and Sierra Leone. He won the 1998 Rory Peck photographic prize and the 1999 Television Technician of the Year award from the Royal Television Society. His death brought an outpouring of grief and tribute from inside and outside the AP. "Miguel was intuitive, bold and one of the most intelligent cameraman of his generation," said Nigel Baker, head of APTN news, "He had immense respect from all who knew him not just for his work but because he was a deeply modest man who would help anybody he could."

### **Kerem Lawton (1970-2001)**

APTN producer Kerem Lawton was killed March 29, 2001, when his car was hit by mortar fire near the volatile Kosovo-Macedonian border. He was 30. Lawton was the husband of APTN producer Elida Ramadani. Born in Brussels, Belgium and raised in England, Lawton was the son of a Turkish mother and a British father. Bilingual in Turkish and English, he also spoke German, French and some Italian. Lawton joined the AP as a newsman in Rome and later joined APTN in Turkey. He immersed himself in assignments that took him into the grimmest of circumstances - the conflict in Kosovo, the Kurdish insurgency in southeast Turkey, Albania's 1997 plunge into near-anarchy, ethnic tensions in China's Xinjiang province. Yet through it all, there was a sense of generosity about him, an infectious sense of fun. "I do not exaggerate in saying that he was everyone's golden boy," said Rome Chief of Bureau Dennis Redmont, a family friend. "He had a lightness in a profession where many people are heavy hitters. Everyone wanted Kerem

as his brother, his boyfriend and his son."

### **Nazeh Darwazeh (1959-2003)**

APTN cameraman Nazeh Darwazeh was killed April 19, 2003 while filming a confrontation between Israeli soldiers and Palestinians throwing stones and firebombs in the West Bank city of Nablus. He was 43 and was hailed by colleagues as a courageous cameraman who worked fearlessly to ensure that events in Nablus were reported internationally. Darwazeh began working for APTN in 2001 after the outbreak of Israeli-Palestinian fighting. Born into a large family, Darwazeh studied at the University of Amman in Jordan. He returned to Nablus in 1990 to work in one of his family's three photo studios, and later as a cameraman for Palestinian TV. Darwazeh was married to Naela and the couple had four sons and a daughter, ranging in age from four months to 11 years old.

### **Saleh Ibrahim (1971-2005)**

In the days of Saddam Hussein, Saleh Ibrahim shot wedding videos but dreamed of becoming a news cameraman. After the fall of Hussein in 2003, the Iraqi native realized his goal when he was hired first as a stringer and then made APTN cameraman for Mosul, a northern Iraqi city. The father of three was so dedicated to his work that he taught his wife to transmit video to London via satellite phone - enabling him to stay in the field shooting without losing ground to competitors. On April 23, 2005, Saleh and his brother-in-law, AP photographer Mohammed Ibrahim, drove to the scene of an explosion in Mosul. Shots were fired, killing Saleh, 33, and injuring Mohammed. AP still does not know who fired the shots. "It's a double tragedy for me," said Ahmed Sami, senior APTN producer in Baghdad. "I have lost a friend and a news champion in APTN's Iraq network."

### **Aswan Ahmed Lutfallah (1971-2006)**

Nicknamed 'The Eagle,' APTN cameraman Aswan Ahmed Lutfallah was known for his determination to get the story no matter how difficult the circumstances. On Dec. 12, 2006, the Iraqi native was having his car repaired in eastern Mosul in northern Iraq when police and insurgents began fighting. The 35-year-old rushed to cover the clash, only to be shot to death by insurgents who spotted him filming, according to Iraqi police. The insurgents also stripped him of his camera equipment, cell phone and press ID card. "He never, ever lost a story. He loved his job and was dedicated to it. He only filmed what he saw: The truth and nothing but the truth," recalled Ahmed Sami, senior APTN producer in Baghdad. Lutfallah had begun working for AP as a cameraman in 2005. He was married to Alyaa Abdul-Karim Salim and the father of 6-year-old Yusof and an infant daughter Rafa.

### **Ahmed Hadi Naji (1978-2007)**

Ahmed Hadi Naji left his home in the Ashurta Al Khamsa district of Baghdad on

December 30, 2006, headed to the AP bureau on his red-and-white motorbike. When he did not return home that night, his wife, Sahba'a Mudhar Khalil, reported him missing. Six days later, on January 5, he was found in a Baghdad morgue, shot in the back of the head. His killing remains unsolved. Naji, 28, joined AP 2 1/2 years earlier as a messenger, but his love of video cameras and his talent earned him a promotion to cameraman. "He was over the moon with his work," said Ahmed Sami, APTN senior producer in Baghdad. "He was a young guy who learned quickly and had a bright future." Naji had just become a father, and left behind four-month-old twins, Zaid and Rand. His two brothers also worked as bike messengers for AP.

### **Anthony Mitchell (1968-2007)**

In 2006, AP reporter Anthony Mitchell was abruptly expelled from Ethiopia following a series of stories about government fraud and corruption. But that didn't deter Mitchell. The following year, as Nairobi correspondent, he uncovered the illegal detention and transfer of terror suspects from Kenya to Somalia and eventually into Ethiopian prisons. He was returning from a trip investigating the criminal trade in endangered species in the Central African Republic when the plane he was on crashed in Cameroon on May 5, 2007. There were no survivors. Mitchell, a British citizen who had also worked in Sierra Leone, Kosovo and London, had two children: Tom, 3, and Rose, 1. "Anthony was a fantastic father, husband and son," said his wife, Catherine Fitzgibbon. "He was the life and soul of every party with a wonderful dry wit and a great sense of humor. He lived life to the full and died doing the job he loved."

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